

Appl. No. 10/761,846
Amdt. dated May 20, 2005
Reply to Office Action of February 22, 2005

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) An automated microfluidic system that detects a protein in a biological sample, the system comprising:

a cartridge reservoir part including:

a plurality of compressed-air inlets;

a sample reservoir;

~~a dye reservoir;~~ and

a plurality of control reservoirs that contain control solutions of ~~various concentrations of the protein of interest;~~

~~wherein,~~ each of the sample reservoir, the dye reservoir, and the control reservoirs ~~having~~ has a hydrophobic upper barrier connected to a corresponding one of the compressed-air inlets and a hydrophobic lower barrier connected to a separate liquid outlet;

a cartridge with a microfluidic channel, the cartridge with a microfluidic channel that includesincluding:

a sample detection part;

~~a plurality of control detection parts;~~ and

a dye/buffer inlet part,

wherein each of the sample detection part and the control detection parts ~~that have~~ has an inlet, an outlet, and an antibody immobilized on an inner surface, the inlets of the sample detection part and the control detection parts being connected to the liquid outlets of the sample reservoir and control reservoirs, respectively; ~~an outlet, and antibodies immobilized on an inner surface and~~

wherein, the dye/buffer inlet part ~~having~~ has a dye inlet and a buffer inlet port, the dye inlet being connected to a liquid outlet of the dye reservoir ~~and a buffer inlet port;~~

a compressed-air storage tank connected to the compressed-air inlets ~~of the sample reservoir, the dye reservoirs, and the control reservoirs by valves;~~

a buffer storage tank connected to the buffer inlet ports of the dye/buffer inlet part by a valves; and

Appl. No. 10/761,846
Amtd. dated May 20, 2005
Reply to Office Action of February 22, 2005

a reader that measures the degrees of antigen-antibody reactions in the sample and control detection parts based on variations in dye color.

2. (Original) The automated microfluidic system of claim 1, wherein the upper hydrophobic barrier and the lower hydrophobic barrier allow only air to pass, not liquid, in an atmospheric pressure.

3. (Original) The automated microfluidic system of claim 1, wherein the upper hydrophobic barrier and the lower hydrophobic barrier are porous, and the lower hydrophobic barrier has a larger average pore size than the upper hydrophobic barrier.

4. (Original) The automated microfluidic system of claim 3, wherein the upper hydrophobic barrier has an average pore diameter that ranges from $0.2\ \mu\text{m}$ to $1\ \mu\text{m}$, and the lower hydrophobic barrier has an average pore diameter that ranges from $2\ \mu\text{m}$ to $20\ \mu\text{m}$.

5. (Original) The automated microfluidic system of claim 1, wherein the upper hydrophobic barrier and the lower hydrophobic barrier are made of porous polytetrafluoroethylene membranes.

6. (Currently Amended) The automated microfluidic system of claim 1, further comprising a pump connected to both the compressed-air storage tank and the buffer storage tank.

7. (Original) The automated microfluidic system of claim 1, wherein the sample detection part and the control detection parts have the same volume.

8. (Original) The automated microfluidic system of claim 1, wherein the length of a portion of the microfluidic channel between the dye inlet of the dye/buffer inlet part and the outlet of the sample detection part is equal to the length of a portion of the microfluidic channel

Appl. No. 10/761,846
Amdt. dated May 20, 2005
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between the dye inlet of the dye/buffer inlet part and the outlet of one of the control detection parts.

9. (Original) The automated microfluidic system of claim 1, wherein the length of a portion of the microfluidic channel between the buffer inlet port of the dye/buffer inlet part and the outlet of the sample detection part is equal to the length of a portion of the microfluidic channel between the dye inlet of the dye/buffer inlet part and the outlet of one of the control detection parts.

10. (Currently Amended) The automated microfluidic system of claim 1, wherein the valves that connect the compressed-air inlets and the compressed-air storage tank are ~~three-way valves that are closed when a compressed air is supplied into the compressed-air storage tank, opened to allow when a sample and the control solutions flow into the sample reservoir and the control reservoirs, respectively, and further closed when the sample and the control solutions are discharged from the sample and control reservoirs~~ external air to flow into the compressed-air inlet ports and are opened toward the compressed-air storage tank.

11. (Original) The automated microfluidic system of claim 1, further comprising a controller that controls the opening and closing of the outlets of the sample detection part and the control detection parts.

Appl. No. 10/761,846
Amdt. dated May 20, 2005
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12. (Withdrawn) A method of detecting a protein in a biological sample using the automated microfluidic system according to claim 1, the method comprising:

supplying compressed air through the compressed-air inlets to move a sample in the sample reservoir and controls in the control reservoirs into the sample detection part and the control detection parts, respectively, to induce antigen-antibody reactions therein;

washing the sample detection part and the control detection parts by supplying a buffer through the buffer inlet port;

supplying compressed air through the compressed-air inlets to move a dye in the dye reservoir through the dye/buffer inlet port into the sample detection part and the control detection parts;

washing the sample detection part and the control detection parts by supplying a buffer through the buffer inlet port; and

detecting whether the protein exists in the biological sample and quantitating the protein based on color variation data obtained from the antigen-antibody reactions in the sample detection part and the control detection parts.

13. (New) The automated microfluidic system of claim 1, wherein the hydrophobic upper barrier passes a predetermined liquid only when a pressure applied to the hydrophobic upper barrier is higher than a pressure applied to the hydrophobic lower barrier.

Appl. No. 10/761,846
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AMENDMENTS TO THE DRAWINGS

The attached sheets of drawings include changes to Figs. 1-4. These sheets, which include Figs. 1-4, replace the original sheets including Figs. 1-4. Fig. 5 has been canceled, and thus the sheet of drawings including Fig. 5 is removed.

Attachment: Replacement Sheets.